

Guidelines for School Exclusion Due to Illness

If a child presents to the school clinic with any of these symptoms the parent/guardian will be notified and the child will be sent home.

Symptom/Illness	Exclusion Criteria
Appearance/Behavior	 Appears to be severely ill Is not responsive Irritable Persistently crying Having difficulty breathing Has a quickly spreading rash
Fever (temperature 100°F or greater by any method)	 Fever and behavior change or other signs and symptoms (e.g., sore throat, rash, vomiting, diarrhea) Must not return until temperature is below 100°F for 24 hours without the use of <u>fever-reducing medication</u>
Conjunctivitis (pink eye)	 May return after 24 hours of starting antibiotic drops (bacterial); or with a note from doctor stating "no longer contagious" (viral)
Diarrhea	 Diapered children whose stool is not contained in the diaper Toilet-trained children if the diarrhea is causing "accidents" Stool containing blood or mucus Diarrhea is defined by stool which is occurring more frequently and/or is less formed in consistency than usual in the child, and not associated with changes of diet
Vomiting	 2 or more times in the previous 24 hours, unless the vomiting is determined to be caused by a non-communicable/non-infectious condition and the child is not in danger of dehydration If child is at school, child must be sent home and free of vomiting episodes for 24 hours
Rash	With fever or behavioral changes, until a primary care provider has determined that the illness is not a communicable disease
Streptococcal pharyngitis (strep throat or other streptococcal infection)	Until fever free and the child has had two doses of a course of an appropriate antibiotic 12 hours apart
Scabies, Ringworm	 Until after the first treatment. Treatment may occur between the end of the day and beginning of the next day—not requiring any exclusion
Varicella (chickenpox)	 Until all lesions have dried or crusted (usually 6 days after onset of rash) and no new lesions have showed for at least 24 hours.
Pediculosis (lice)	Contact school nurse for information
Rubella	Until 7 days after the rash appears
Pertussis (whooping cough)	Until 5 days of appropriate antibiotic treatment (21 days if untreated)
Mumps	Until 5 days after onset of parotid gland swelling
Measles	Until 4 days after onset of rash
Hepatitis A virus	Until 1 week after onset of illness or jaundice or as directed by the health department
Parvovirus (Fifth Disease)	Until rash appears and the child no longer has a fever
COVID-19	 If your child has tested positive for COVID-19 they should remain at home and contact the school nurse as soon as possible. Any other questions related to COVID-19 contact the school nurse.

This information is based on the latest recommendations addressing health and safety in group settings from the following organizations: American Academy of Pediatrics and the Centers for Disease

Control and Prevention and the Tennessee Department of Health.